

Child Care Premises Local Planning Policy

Responsible Directorate: Planning and Community Development

Objectives:

- To provide development standards for the location, siting and design of child care premises.
- To ensure that child care premises do not have an adverse impact on the amenity of surrounding areas, particularly residential areas.

1. Authority:

This policy has been prepared in accordance with Schedule 2, Part 2 of the deemed provisions of the *Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015* which allows the local government to prepare local planning policies relating to planning and development within the Scheme area.

2. Application:

This policy applies to the whole of the City of Joondalup.

3. Definitions:

“**child care premises**” as defined in *Local Planning Scheme No. 3* means premises where:

- (a) an education and care service as defined in the *Education and Care Services National Law (Western Australia)* section 5(1), other than a family day care service as defined in that section, is provided; or
- (b) a child care service as defined in the *Child Services Act 2007* section 4 is provided.

“**district distributor road**” means a road as defined in the *Western Australian Road Hierarchy* produced by Main Roads Western Australia.

“**local distributor road**” means a road as defined in the *Western Australian Road Hierarchy* produced by Main Roads Western Australia.

4. Statement:

In considering applications for child care premises, the location, siting and design of the child care premises will be taken into consideration with the aim of ensuring that the development is compatible with, and avoids adverse impacts on, the amenity of adjoining and surrounding areas.

5. Details:

In assessing an application for development approval for child care premises, the following will apply:

5.1. Location:

The appropriate location of child care premises is crucial in avoiding adverse impacts on surrounding properties, particularly in terms of additional traffic, car parking and noise.

5.1.1. Neighbouring Uses:

- a. To minimise potential adverse impacts such premises may have on the amenity of residential properties, particularly as a result of noise and/or increased traffic, it is preferable to locate child care premises adjacent to non-residential uses such as shopping centres, medical centres or consulting rooms, schools, parks and community purpose buildings.
- b. Where a child care premises is proposed to be located next to a residential property, the applicant must demonstrate that the proposal will not have an undue impact on residential amenity.

5.1.2. Road Hierarchy:

- a. As child care premises can be reasonably high traffic-generators, they should be located on Local Distributor Roads in such a manner that they would not conflict with traffic control devices and would not encourage the use of nearby Access Roads for turning movements.

5.2. Parking and Access:

5.2.1. Car Parking Standard

- a. Car parking bays are to be provided in accordance with the following table:

Use Class	Number of on-site parking bays
Child Care Premises	1 per employee plus 5 per ≤ 25 children 6 per 26–30 children 7 per 31–56 children 8 per 57–64 children 9 per 65–72 children 10 per 73–80 children 11 per 81–88 children 12 per 89–96 children 13 per 97–104 children 14 per 105 + children

5.2.2. Car Park Location and Design

a. Car park access and design is to be in accordance with the following requirements:

Design Element	Development Requirement
(a) Car park location	(i) All car parking is to be provided on-site; verge parking is not permitted. (ii) Car parks must be clearly visible from the street to encourage parking on-site instead of on the road verge.
(b) Car park design	(i) Car parks shall be designed in accordance with Australian Standards AS 2890.1 and/or AS 2890.2 as amended from time to time.
(c) Vehicle Access	(i) Vehicle access should not be taken from District Distributor A Roads. Only under exceptional circumstances may vehicle access be considered from a District Distributor B or Access Road. (ii) Vehicle access with separate entry and exit points is preferred (Type 1 on Figure 1). Alternatively, 'two-way' vehicle access (Type 2 on Figure 1) is required. (iii) Where practicable, existing vehicle access points should be utilised instead of proposing new access points. (iv) Vehicles are required to enter and exit the site in forward gear.
(d) Pedestrian Access	(i) A footpath must be provided from the car park and the street to the building entrance.

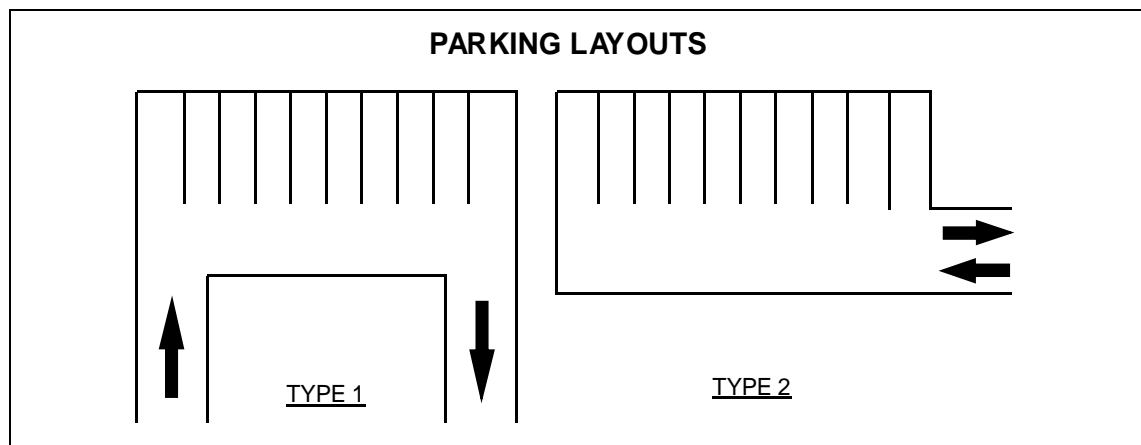


Figure 1. Vehicle Access

5.2.3. Bicycle Parking Standards

a. Bicycle parking is to be provided in accordance with the following table and relevant Australian standards.

Use Class	Employee / Visitor Bicycle Parking
Child Care Premises	1 per 8 employees

5.3. Building Height:

- a. The maximum building height as measured from the natural ground level is to be in accordance with the following table:

Maximum Building Height		
Top of external wall	Top of external wall (concealed roof)	Top of pitched roof
6 metres	7 metres	9 metres

5.4. Building Design:

5.4.1. Building Setbacks

- a. Building setbacks in the ‘Residential’ zone are to be in accordance with Part 5 of the R-Codes, with the exception of the following:

R-Code	Minimum Primary Street Setback Distance	Minimum Secondary Street Setback Distance
R5	12 metres	6 metres
R20 and R25	6 metres	1.5 metres
R30 and above	4 metres	1.5 metres

- b. Building setbacks in all other zones are to be in accordance with the setback requirements for that zone or in accordance with any relevant structure plan, activity centre plan or local development plan.

5.4.2. Noise Attenuation:

- a. The layout and design of child care premises must consider noise attenuation measures to reduce the noise impact on adjacent properties. Noise-generating activities such as outdoor play areas, vehicle accessways, car parking areas and any plant and equipment are to be located away from noise-sensitive land uses (such as residences).
- b. The design and construction of child care premises must also consider measures to reduce the impacts of noise from external sources, to achieve acceptable indoor noise limits. These measures should include consideration of the size and placement of windows and doors, the use of double-glazing, fencing, landscaping and the location of vehicle accessways, car parking areas and any plant and equipment.
- c. An acoustic report prepared by a suitably qualified person must be submitted with the application for development approval. A noise management plan is also required where identified by the acoustic report.

5.5. Landscaping:

- a. Landscaping is to be in accordance with the following requirements:

Design Element	Development Requirement
(a) % landscaping	(i) A minimum of 8% of the area of a lot shall be landscaped. (ii) The landscaped area shall include a minimum strip of 1.5 metres wide adjacent to all street boundaries.

(b) Size	(i) The landscaped area shall have a minimum width of 1.0 metre and distributed in areas of not less than 4.0 square metres.
(c) Shade trees	(i) Shade trees shall be provided and maintained in uncovered car parks at the rate of one tree for every four car parking bays.
(d) Verge area	(i) The verge areas of all child care premises are required to be suitably landscaped, reticulated and maintained to discourage patrons from parking on the verge. The verge is not permitted to be paved or sealed as this would encourage its use for parking.

5.6. Hours of Operation:

- a. The days and hours of operation for child care premises within the 'Residential' zone or abutting or opposite the 'Residential' zone are to be in accordance with the following:

Days	Operating hours
(a) Monday to Friday	(i) 7.00 am to 6.00 pm
(b) Saturday	(i) 8.00 am to 1.00 pm
(c) Sunday	(i) Not permitted

5.7. Applications for development approval:

- a. In addition to the general requirements for an application for development approval, the following are required:
- *Traffic and Road Safety Impact Report*
 - *Acoustic Report*

5.8. Public consultation:

- a. Refer to the City's *Planning Consultation Local Planning Policy*.

Creation Date:	June 1999
Amendments:	CJ206-10/05, CJ207-10/07, CJ126-07/08, CJ052-04/08, CJ110-06/13, CJ174-10/17, CJ033-03/20
Related Documentation:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Education and Care Services National Law (WA) Act 2012</i> • <i>Child Care Services Act 2007</i> • <i>City of Joondalup Local Planning Scheme No. 3</i> • <i>Main Roads Western Australia Road Hierarchy</i> • <i>Planning Consultation Local Planning Policy</i>