

# HAZARD REDUCTION GRASS TREE BURNING PROGRAM

A mitigation strategy to reduce bushfire risk within the City of Joondalup

#### PRESENTATION OUTLINE





Introduction

- Background
- Hazard Reduction Grass Tree Burning Program
- Next Steps...

Photograph: 2000 - unplanned bushfire event within Central Park, Joondalup



Photograph: 2016 - Grassbird Avenue, Joondalup: Post unplanned bushfire event opposite Yellagonga Regional Park

#### **BUSHFIRE RISK MANAGEMENT**





Photograph: 2011 - unplanned bushfire event within Central Park, Joondalup

- Bushfire risk management is a key responsibility for local government, including meeting legislative obligations under the Bush Fires Act 1954 and Emergency Management Act 2005.
- In April 2019 Council noted the establishment of the City's Hazard Reduction Grass Tree Burning Program.
- The City has been improving its knowledge and prioritised approach to be taken in regard to bushfire mitigation to reduce the overall risk of bushfire.

#### **OBJECTIVES**





Photograph: 2016 - unplanned bushfire event within Yellagonga Regional Park, Joondalup

- Protecting life, critical infrastructure, property and assets from unplanned bushfire events.
- Protecting the landscape, ecological and amenity values of the bushland.
- Protecting the bushland's flora and fauna diversity.
- Using a coordinated and prioritised approach to reduce bushfire risk.
- Fulfilling obligations under fire related legislation and undertake best-practice fire management.
- Increasing community bushfire education and awareness.

#### HIGH INTENSITY BUSHFIRE EVENTS





Photograph: 2019 - unplanned bushfire event within Yellagonga Regional Park, Joondalup

Bushfire Risk Management, including managing heavy fuel loads, will assist in reducing the risk and intensity of an unplanned high intensity bushfire event, which is likely to cause:

- Severe impact on the health and biodiversity of the bushland.
- Significant damage to native flora and fauna.
- Destruction of habitat and conservation values over large areas.
- Extreme difficulty in suppressing, fighting and controlling the fire.

#### FIREFIGHTER SAFETY





Photograph by DFES operational photographer and firefighter: 2015 - unplanned Northcliffe bushfire event

Hazard reduction burns are essential for firefighter safety. Unmanaged heavy fuel loads:

- Increase the likelihood of firefighter injury and/or death.
- May mean firefighters are not able to directly combat a fire but may let it burn to the firebreaks or use fire as a firefighting tactic.
- Have contributed to burn-over of firefighting appliances and potential increased loss of houses.

### **BUSHFIRE MITIGATION ACTIONS – City of Joondalup**





Photograph: 2019 - firebreak improvement works adjacent to homes at Craigie Open Space, Craigie

- Weed control (mechanical and chemical)
- Firebreak and fire access way installation and maintenance
- Manual fuel load reduction
- Controlled access to sites
- Community education and awareness
- Firebreak inspections and fuel assessments.

NEW: Hazard reduction Grass Tree burning.



#### **FUEL AND FUEL LOADS**





Photograph: 2019 - Grass Trees with large dry dead skirts within Yellagonga Regional Park, Joondalup

- Contributes in part to how hot a fire can be and how fast it can spread.
- Is a key factor that land managers need to manage.
- The term "fuel load" indicates the amount of fuels that will be consumed during a bushfire and includes the dry dead skirts of Grass Trees, dead leaves, twigs and bark.
- Fuel load is expressed in terms of tonnes per hectare (t/ha).

#### **BURNING TERMS**





Photograph: 2019 - DFES planned hazard reduction burn at Warwick Senior High School for the DoE

- Interchangeable burning terms include: hazard reduction burning, prescribed burning, controlled burning, and planned burning.
- These terms describe burning in a predetermined area for the management, control and reduction of fuel loads.
- Burning is often referred to as prescribed burning because they follow a 'prescription'.
- The term 'Mosaic Burning' is commonly used to describe burning patches within a burn area to leave a mosaic pattern of burnt and unburnt areas.

#### **BURN PRESCRIPTIONS**





Photograph: 2019 - DFES planned hazard reduction burn at Warwick Senior High School for the DoE

A Burn Prescription sets out the details for conducting a particular burn, including:

- Objective and description of the burn
- Personnel needs and safety
- Fauna species habitat and rare flora
- Community consultation
- Target weather conditions
- Hazards that may be encountered
- Smoke consideration
- Traffic control.

### LOW INTENSITY BURN CONDITIONS





Photograph: 2014 - planned hazard reduction Grass Tree burn – Ridgewood Park, Wanneroo

- Hazard reduction burns are generally undertaken in appropriate weather conditions so the fire burns slowly at low intensity.
- Hazard reduction burns are normally conducted from autumn to spring, when:
  - Weather is mild
  - Fuels are reasonably moist
  - Fire behaviour is easier to manage and control.

#### **GRASS TREES / BALGAS**











- Grass Trees make up a high proportion of the vegetation within the City's reserves.
- Many have long unburnt dead skirts which are an extreme source of fuels as they are highly flammable.
- The tightly-packed leaf bases shield the stem from heat and allow Grass Trees to survive the passage of fire.
- Fire from a low intensity burn can stimulate Grass Trees to flower and seed.

### DFES LOW INTENSITY HAZARD REDUCTION BURNING VIDEOS







### DFES HAZARD REDUCTION BURN: WARWICK SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL City of Joondalup

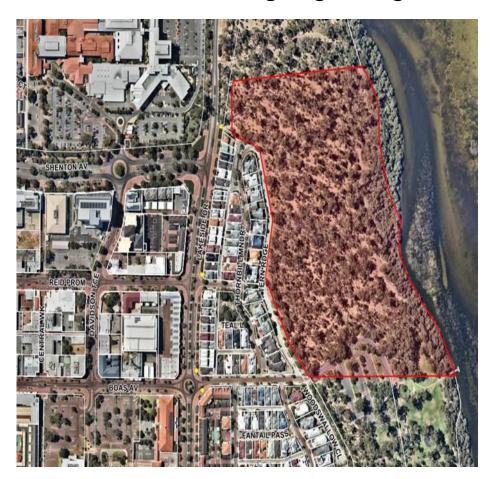
DFES hazard reduction burn at Warwick Senior High School on behalf of the Department of Education. The aim of the burn was to:



- Reduce fuel loading of the burn area.
- Protect Warwick Senior High School.
- Provide a safer community.
- Reduce negative impacts to environmental sensitivities.

### DFES / DBCA HAZARD REDUCTION BURN: YELLAGONGA R-PARK City of Joondalup

DFES / DBCA joint hazard reduction burn within 10 ha of un-allocated crown land in Yellagonga Regional Park. The aim of the burn was to:



- Reduce fuel loading of the burn area
- Provide a safer community
- Protect life and properties, including the hospital and civic centre
- Reduce negative impacts to environmental sensitivities.



#### HAZARD REDUCTION GRASS TREE BURNING PROGRAM





Photograph: 2014 - planned hazard reduction Grass Tree burn – Ridgewood Park, Wanneroo

- Not intended to replace existing fuel load reduction activities within City managed crown land/reserves, but rather to supplement those activities if required.
- Supported by the Department of Fire and Emergency Services (DFES).
- Planned and conducted by experienced personnel.
- Planned so as to reduce impacts to the community and the environment.
- Targets the burning of selected Grass Trees, including underlying and nearby leaf litter.

### TARGETED GRASS TREE BURNING PHOTOS







Photographs: 2014 - planned hazard reduction Grass Tree burn – Ridgewood Park, Wanneroo

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Photograph: 2014 - planned hazard reduction Grass Tree burn – Ridgewood Park, Wanneroo

#### WORKING TOGETHER TO REDUCE BUSHFIRE RISK



Proposed hazard reduction Grass Tree burning within appropriate crown land reserves managed by the City will be investigated collaboratively with the:



Photograph: 2019 - DFES planned hazard reduction burn at Warwick Senior High School for the DoE – With observers from Friends of Warwick Bushland

- Department of Fire and Emergency Services (DFES)
- Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions (DBCA)
   Parks and Wildlife
- Friends Groups (in relation to their specific reserves).

#### WARWICK OPEN SPACE BUSHFIRE MITIGATION WORKS





Photograph: 2018 - manual fuel load reduction works within Warwick Open Space bushland

To reduce the risk of bushfire to the school the following works have been undertaken:

- Manual fuel load reduction within 2 hectares of bushland adjacent to and north of the school.
- Firebreak access track improvements adjacent and north/west of the school.
- Vehicle access gate installation within the northern fence to provide access to and from the school and bushland.
- Improved turn around section between firebreaks for firefighting vehicles.

## WARWICK OPEN SPACE BUSHLAND WINTER HAZARD REDUCTION GRASS TREE BURN





- Further reduce bushfire risk to Warwick Senior High School.
- Recommended targeted burning of Grass Trees, including underlying and nearby leaf litter.
- Within 0.5 hectares north of the school.

GIS aerial view: 2019 - Warwick Open Space bushland north of the school

#### **POST-FIRE WEED CONTROL**





Photograph: 2019 – post planned hazard reduction burn at Warwick Senior High School

- Hazard reduction Grass Tree burning will take place at a time that supports the regeneration of native floristic species.
- Post-fire weed control will be undertaken using the City's 'Post-Fire Weed Management Guidelines'.
- Burnt areas will be monitored to assess weed growth to support the sustainability and regeneration of native vegetation.



Photograph: 2019 - Warwick Open Space bushland, Warwick

#### **NEXT STEPS....**











- Implement the 0.5 ha hazard reduction Grass Tree burn within Warwick Open Space bushland that is crown land managed by the City.
- Review outcomes and learnings from the Warwick Open Space bushland hazard reduction Grass Tree burn.
- Discuss further potential hazard reduction Grass Tree burn locations at Warwick Open Space bushland with DFES and Friends of Warwick Bushland.
- Identify other potential reserves for future hazard reduction Grass Tree burns to commence from Autumn 2020 onwards.
- Consult with relevant Friends Groups re specific hazard reduction Grass Tree burn locations and planning.

### THANK YOU... ANY QUESTIONS?



